Networking for the Cloud DBA

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And
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Most Important Skill for a Cloud DBA

Netmask

Broadcast Address

Network ID \neq IP Address

Most Important Skill for a Cloud DBA is Networking

Why Networking?

What's Different in Cloud

How are IP Addresses Used

What is Subnetting?

What is NetMask

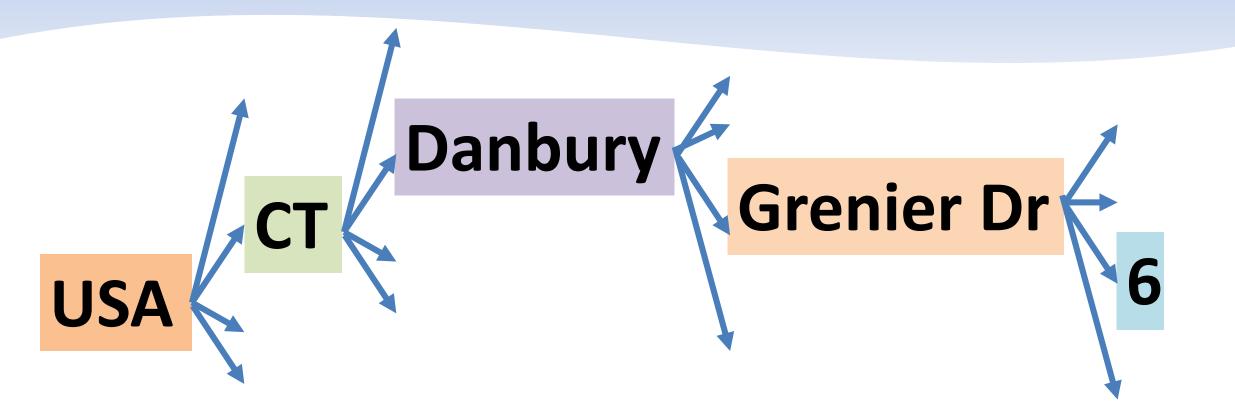
How to apply Network Concepts in the Cloud.

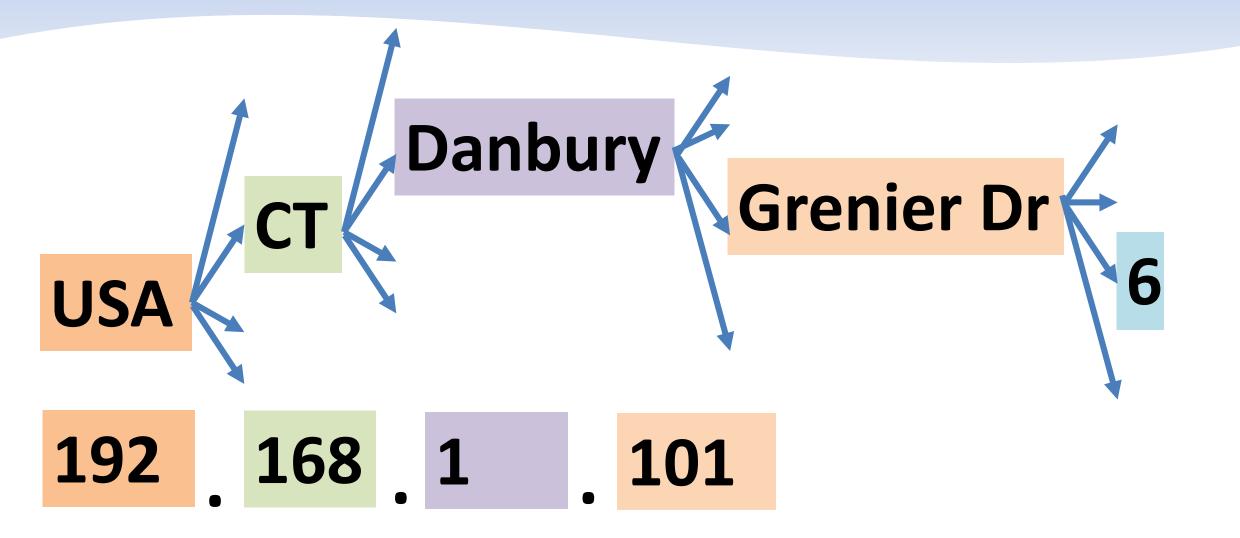
What is a Network?

- IP Address
- Network address
- How many IP

6 Grenier Dr Danbury CT USA

6 Grenier Dr Danbury CT USA





192.168.111.101

192.168.111.101

192.168.111.101



Network ID

192.168.111.99

192.168.111.100

192.168.111.101

Host Identifier

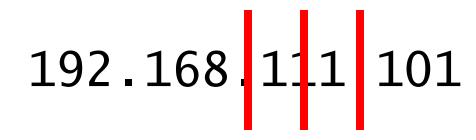
192.168.111.101

Network Identifier

Network Address

192.168.111. 0

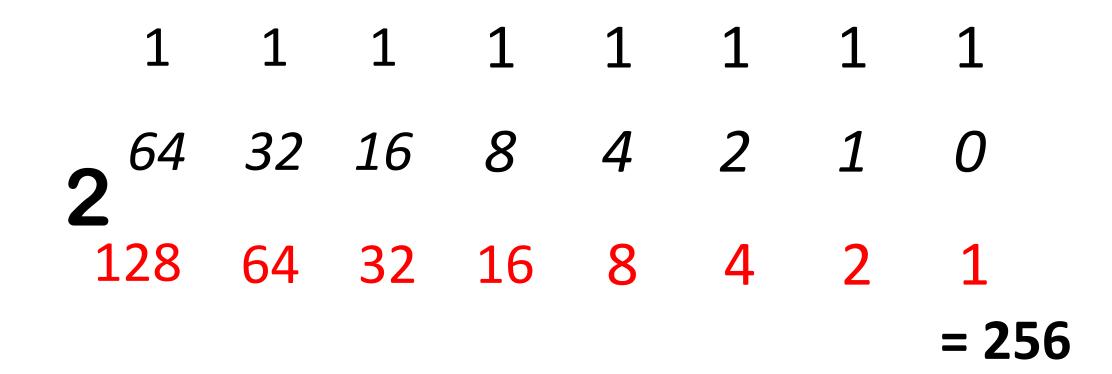
192.168. 0. 0

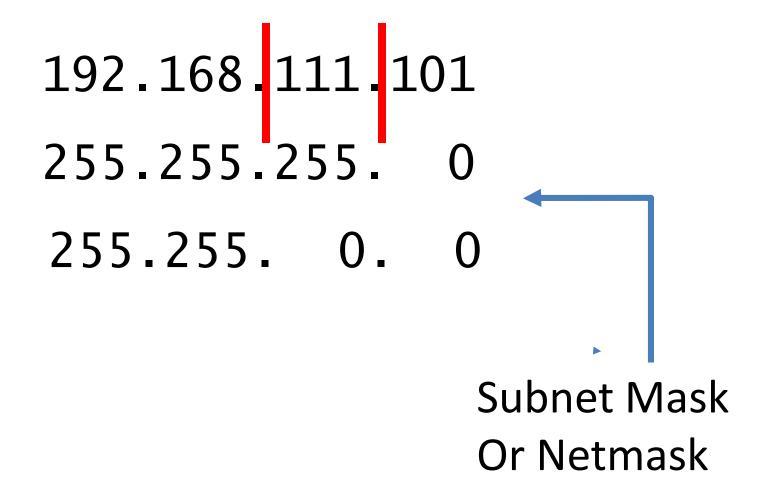


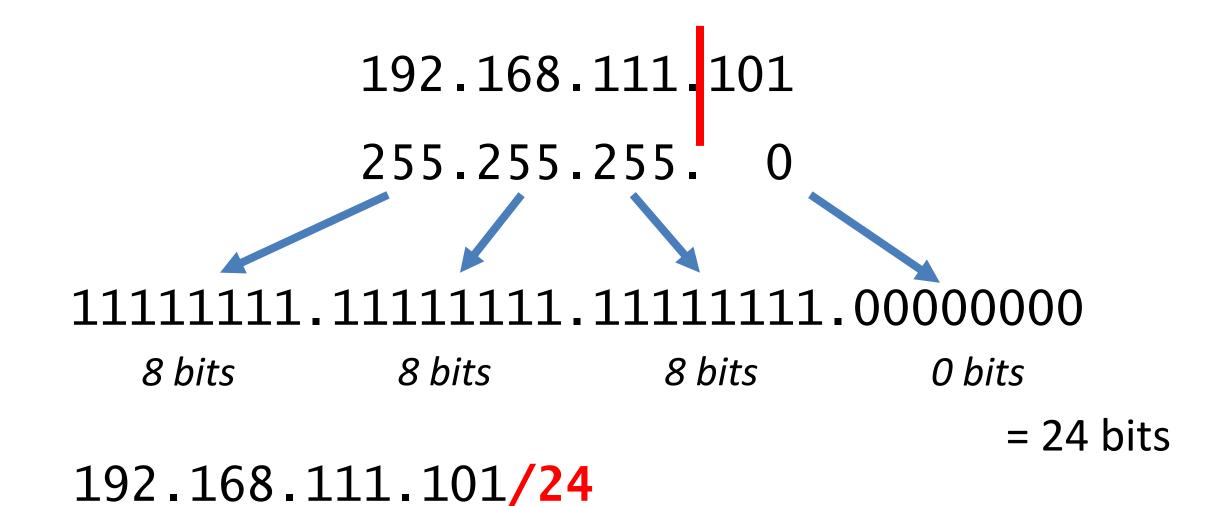
Does not tell you the network address

How do you know where to "cut"?

1111111.1111111.111111.0000000







Class of Networks

What about 127.x.x.x?

Class A 1.0.0.1 -	- 126.255.255.254
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16 million hosts

16,000 networks

65,000 hosts each

2 million networks

254 hosts each

Class D 224.0.0.0 – 239.255.255.255

Reserved for multicast

Class E 240.0.0.0 – 254.255.255.254

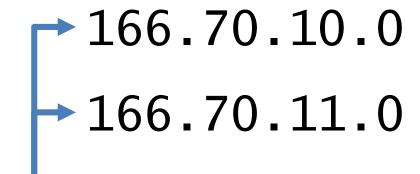
Reserved for research

127.x.x.x is loopback

254.254.254 is general broadcast

Typical Routing

Network Address **166.70.10.0**



We need two networks

192.168.111.101/24

Classless Inter-Domain Routing

CIDR

192.168.111.101

Mask: 255.255.250

255.255.255.0

255.255.255.<mark>128</mark>

$$8 + 8 + 8 + 1 = 25$$
 bits

166.70.10.101 166.70.10.101/25

CIDR Splitting

Network Address 166.70.10.0

We need two networks

Subnet 1
Network Address 166.70.10.0

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Or in CIDR 166.70.10.0/25

Subnet 2
Network Address 166.70.10.128

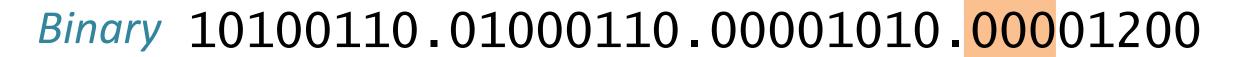
Subnet Mask 255.255.255.128

Or in CIDR 166.70.10.128/25

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IP 166.70.10.23/27
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Binary 10100110.01000110.00001010.0001011

IP 166.70.10.12/27



IP 166.70.10.84/27

Binary 10100110.01000110.00001010.010100

Our assigned network address is 166.70.10.0)

Objective

3 Subnets

1st Subnet = 50 hosts

2nd Subnet = 15 hosts

3rd Subnet = 15 hosts.

Class C Network will give 254 hosts; but not 3 subnets.

We have to carve this up into 3 subnets. CIDR

1st Subnet with 50 hosts 166.70.10.0

3 Subnets

1st Subnet = 50 hosts

2nd Subnet = 15 hosts

3rd Subnet = 15 hosts

2 bits

$$8 \quad 8 \quad 2 = 26 \quad CIDR$$

1st Subnet with 50 hosts 166.70.10.0/26

Mask 255.255.255.192

Broadcast 166.70.10.63

2nd Subnet with 15 hosts 166.70.10.64

3 Subnets

1st Subnet = 50 hosts

2nd Subnet = 15 hosts

3rd Subnet = 15 hosts

4 bits

8

8

8

4

= 28

CIDR

1st Subnet with 50 hosts 166.70.10.0/26

Mask 255.255.255.192

Broadcast 166.70.10.63

2nd Subnet with 15 hosts 166.70.10.64/28

Mask 255.255.250.240

Broadcast 166.70.10.79

3 Subnets

1st Subnet = 50 hosts

2nd Subnet = 15 hosts

3rd Subnet = 15 hosts

1st Subnet with 50 hosts 166.70.10.0/26

Mas 255.255.255.192

Broadcast 166.70.10.63

2nd Subnet with 15 hosts 166.70.10.64/28

Mask 255.255.250.240

Broadcast 166.70.10.79

3rd Subnet with 15 hosts 166.70.10.80/28

Mask 255.255.250.240

Broadcast 166.70.10.95

3 Subnets

1st Subnet = 50 hosts

2nd Subnet = 15 hosts

3rd Subnet = 15 hosts

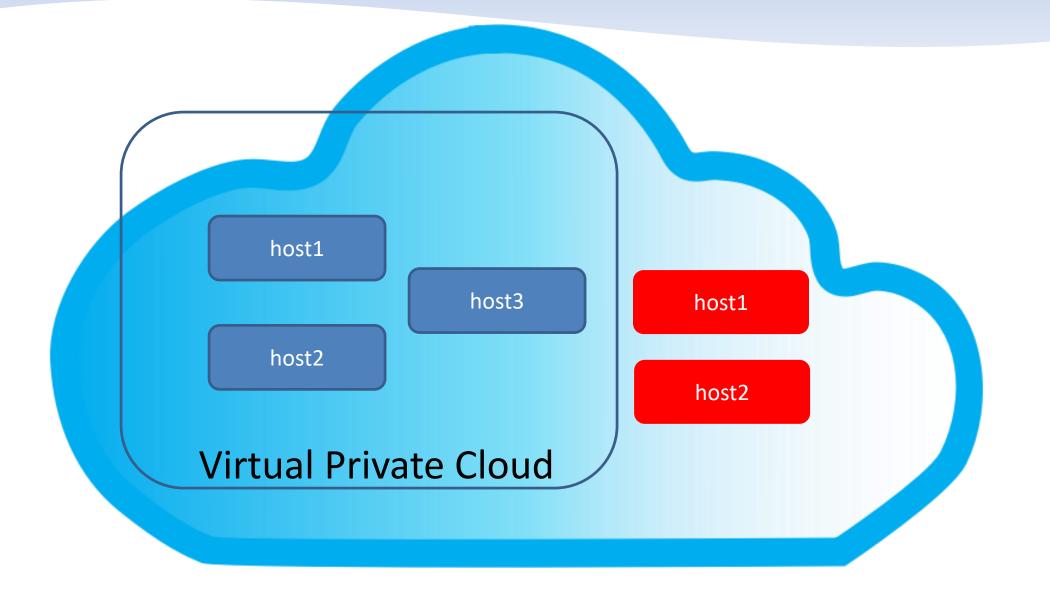
Our assigned network address is 166.70.10.0

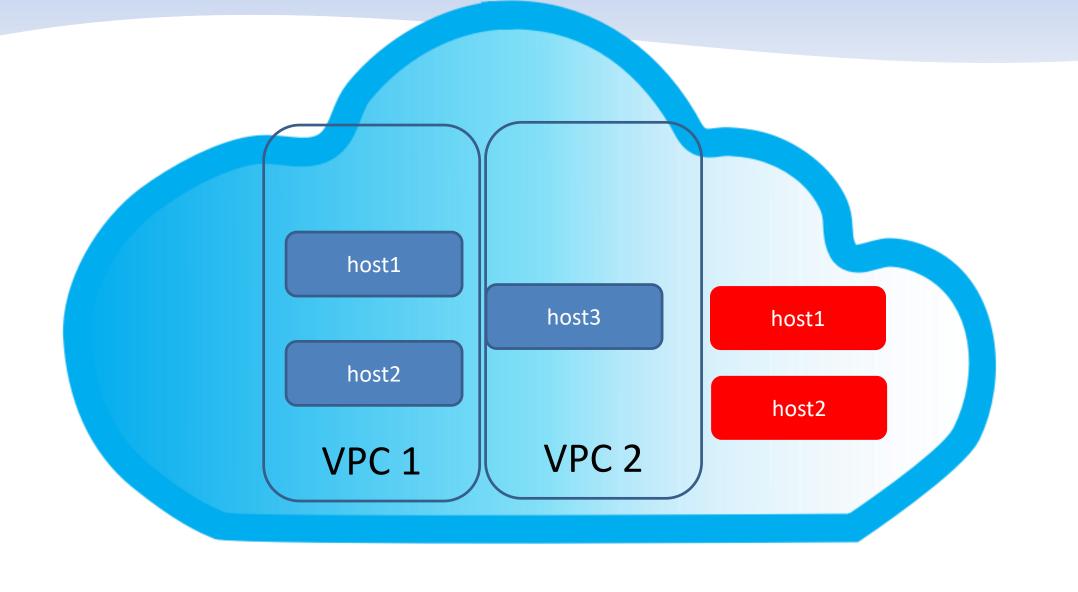
Range: 166.70.10.1-62

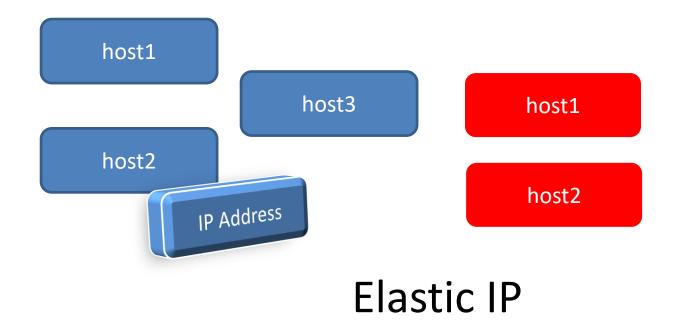
```
\begin{array}{ccc} \text{3}^{\text{rd}} \text{ Subnet with 15 hosts} & 166.70.10.80/28 \\ & \text{Mask} & 255.255.255.240 \\ & \text{Broadcast} & 166.70.10.95 \end{array}
```

Range: 166.70.10.64-78

Range: 166.70.10.80-94







What you learned today

- IP Addressing
- Class of Networks
- Subnetting
- Subnet Masking
- CIDR Notation
- Virtual Private Cloud
- Elastic IP

Thank You!

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